Designing the Pattern of Measuring Spatial Justice, Case Study: Iran

M. R. Hafeznia 1*, M. Ghaderi Hajat 2, Z. Ahamadypoor 3, A. R. Eftekhary 4, M. Gohari 5

1. Full professor of Political Geography, Tarbiat Modares University, Tehran, Iran
2. Graduated from Political Geography, Tarbiat Modares University, Tehran, Iran
3. Associate Professor of Political Geography, Tarbiat Modares University, Tehran, Iran
4. Full Professor of Rural Planning, Tarbiat Modares University, Tehran, Iran
5. Computer Engineering, Software, Shahid Shamsipour Technical and Vocational Faculty, Tehran, Iran

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Abstract
Geographical space is a performance production of many factors in which policy Institution and formal institution’s function and its indicators (government and consequently states) influence a lot on its formation quality in the view of spatial justice’s; that is why understanding the semantic field of spatial justice is due to understanding the interaction relation between policy and space. Geographical or spatial justice is a relative balance of comprehensive indicators of development (economic, political, cultural, etc:) in geographical spaces and places (micro and macro) with the corresponding indicators of development in national level.

Since making the foundation of fair space needs to design an appropriate pattern for evaluating the measure of its realization and annual changes, and the literature review showed that up to now, there has been not a quantitative and comprehensive model designed for spatial justice measurement; therefore, the main goal of this research is to design an operative pattern to measure spatial justice (study case of Iran). This research with a descriptive and analytical approach and with a developing and practical approach is seeking to answer the following question:

“How can we continuously measure spatial justice in a country in the form of a pattern?”

The results showed that with considering the negative and positive role of octet factors and their relative indicators, we can develop a software to continuously measure spatial justice in countries.

Keywords: Politics, Space, Spatial justice, Modeling, Iran.

* Corresponding Author’s E-mail: hafezn_m@modares.ac.ir